Cane to Wheeled Mobility – What are the Options?

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Speaker



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Ambulation Aides



* Cane

- * Provide a minimal amount of additional stability for persons with decreased standing balance
- * Useful when one lower extremity has limited weight-bearing, secondary to pain or weakness

Canes – Base of Support



On the Go – Safely!!



Walkers





- 4 point stability
- Good stability sit to stand
- Needs to be picked-up when walking



Walker with Wheels:

- Glides without Picking up
- No Brakes

Rollator Walker



4-wheeled rollator:

- Provides support when walking
- Brakes improve stability going from sit-to-stand
- Seat and Basket popular features
- Wide base of support

3- wheeled rollator

- Smaller profile, tighter turning radius
- Bit less stability
- Available with basket not seat



On a Roll!





Transport Chair

- * Smallest Profile Rear Wheels fit under seat.
- Overall width about the same as the width of the chair
- Lightweight and easily transportable
- Best for short distances, short time periods
- Not highly adjustable
- Can be challenging to push over uneven surfaces, due to small wheels



Hybrid – Transport Chair

- Receiver accepts a Large wheel in the rear – increases ease of pushing outdoors
- * Quick release wheels, decreases overall width in tighter environments.

Standard Manual Wheelchair:

Highly Durable

 Fixed Axle Position – Highly Stable

 Often used in Long-term care facilities and in Rental Fleets







Lightweight Manual chair

- Lighter weight frame than standard chair – BUT not any easier to push
- Axle adjustment is just UP Standard HEIGHT
 DOWN Hemi HEIGHT
 for foot propulsion



Folding Frame
Note the Cross Frame under the seat



Adjustable Axle

Ultra-light Wheelchairs

- Easier to push
- Less to do with weight and more to do with Axle adjustment
 - Further the axle is forward, the easier the chair is to push and TO TIP OVER!

Ultralight – Rigid Chair

- * Axle bar under the seat slides along the seat rail.
 - * Moved forward, easy to "pop into wheelie"
- * Rigid frame no cross frame
- * To transport Rear Wheels are quick release, backrest folds down





Tilt Chair:

- Postural support chair –
 Dependent Mobility
- Change position relative to gravity
- Seat to back and Seat to foot rest angles stay the same



Recliner Chair:

- Changes body positioning by opening the Seat to Back angle and the seat to leg rest angle
- Able to achieve a lying-down position

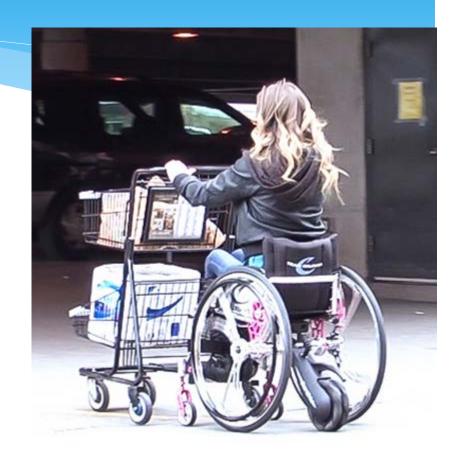
Power-Assist Bridge Products between Manual and Power Mobility



- * Replacement Push Wheel
- * Rims mounted into an inhub motor
- One push has an extended range longer distance for each push
- * Reduced number of push strokes with less force

Power-Assist





Rear Mounted 5th Wheel – Omni -track Wheel allows veering

Scooters POV – Power-Operated Vehicle



3-wheeled scooter

- * Does not look like a wheelchair!
- * Great way to "augment mobility" when longer distances are harder to manage
- Requires good sitting balance and
- * The ability to keep arms on the tiller, controlling speed with hand and fingers

Scooters



- 4 wheeled Scooter
 - * Increased turning stability
 - * Increased wheelbase – greater turning radius

Power Mobility



- * Joystick operation
- Power chair using a traditional wheelchair frame
- * Standard wheelchair seating
- * Small foot print

Indoor Power Mobility



- * Separate Power Base from the Seat
- * Joystick Operation
- Small drive wheels and motors
- 6 wheels total for stability and tight turning radius



Rear Wheel Drive



Mid-Wheel Drive



Front Wheel Drive



Rear Wheel Drive

Rear Wheel Drive Chairs

- Most stable ride when traveling at high speed outdoors
- * Need to have rear antitippers, as most of the weight is on the rear of the chair
- Approach a hallway turn from the wall on the far side of the hallway



Mid-Wheel Drive

Mid Wheel Drive Chairs

- * Tightest 360 degree turning radius great for indoor maneuverability.
- * 6 wheeled power base
- * Approach hallway turns by coming down the middle of the hallway into the middle of the door, then turn

Front Wheel Drive Chairs

- Drive wheels in the front provide increased obstacle climbing performance
- * No rotating casters in front allow for the users feet to be close to the front edge of the chair
- * Approach a hallway turn from the wall closest to the door turning needs clearance behind the chair



Front Wheel Drive

Power Seating



Power Tilt

Recline



Power Recline and Elevating Legrests



Tilt, Recline and Elevating Legrests

Power Seating



Seat Elevator





Standing Options



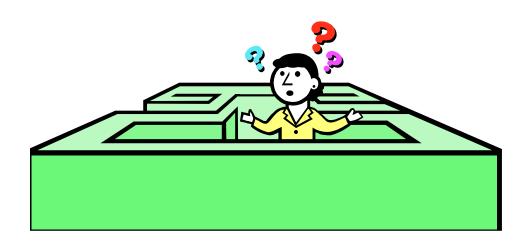
Manual Stander – Manual Wheelchair





Power Stander on Power Chair

Questions?



Additional Information

Mobility Alternatives – From Canes to Wheelchairs

Available at:

http://www.unitedspinal.org/pdf/canes_to_wheelchairs.pdf

- * USAtechguide Web guide to mobility devices http://www.usatechguide.org/
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